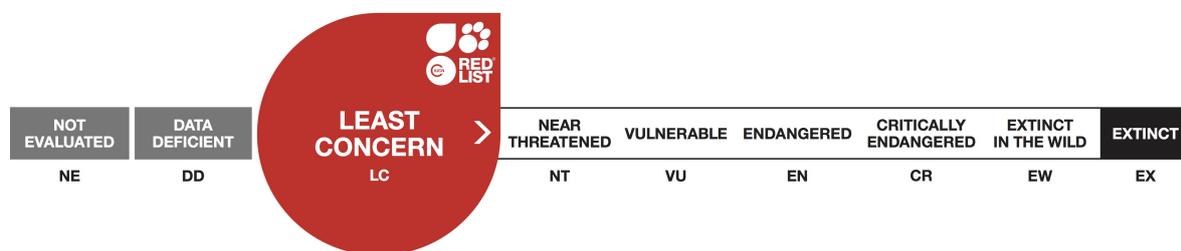


Darevskia daghestanica, Dagestan Lizard

Assessment by: Boris Tuniyev, Natalia Ananjeva, Aram Agasyan, Nikolai Orlov,
 and Sako Tuniyev



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Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Reptilia	Squamata	Lacertidae

Taxon Name: *Darevskia daghestanica* (Darevsky, 1967)

Synonym(s):

- *Lacerta caucasica daghestanica*

Common Name(s):

- English: Dagestan Lizard

Assessment Information

Red List Category & Criteria: Least Concern [ver 3.1](#)

Year Published: 2009

Date Assessed: December 14, 2008

Justification:

Listed as Least Concern in view of its wide distribution, presumed large population, it occurs in a number of protected areas, has a tolerance of a degree of habitat modification, and because it is unlikely to be declining fast enough to qualify for listing in a more threatened category.

Geographic Range

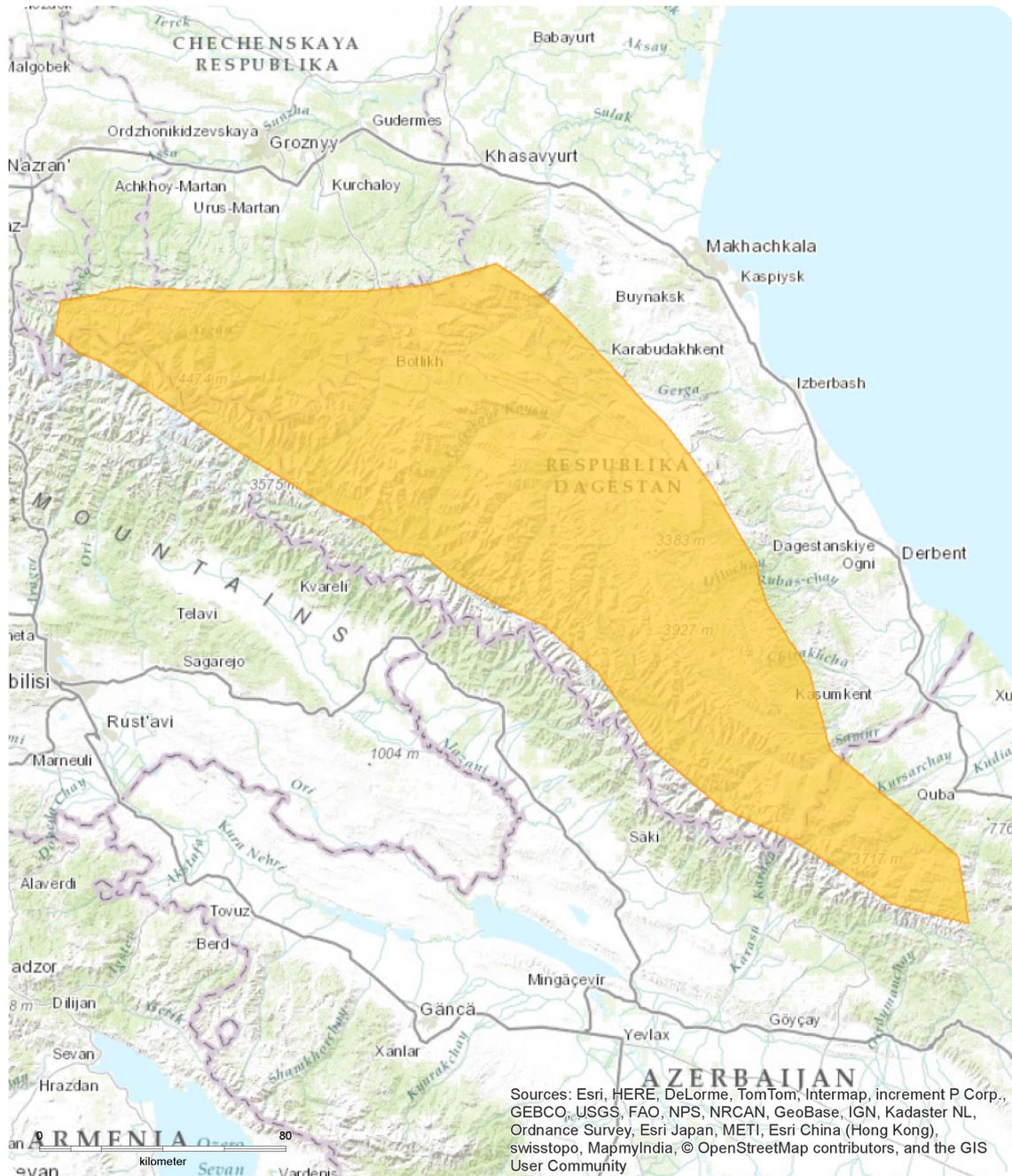
Range Description:

This species occurs in the northern Caucasus in southern Russia and northern Azerbaijan. It occurs in the montane Dagestan, southern Chechnya, Ingushetia and south-east of north Ossetia, from the lower part of the Dar'yal ravine in the west up to Gimrinsky range in the east. The northern border of the distribution area passes through the foothills of the Skalisty range and the upper tributaries of Sunja River. It can be found close to the city of Makhachkala. Populations occur between 1000 and 2000m asl.

Country Occurrence:

Native: Azerbaijan; Russian Federation

Distribution Map



Darevskia daghestanica

Range

Extant (resident)

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NE DD LC > NT VU EN CR EW EX
LEAST CONCERN



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply any official endorsement, acceptance or opinion by IUCN.



Population

Populations of this species are stable and it is generally abundant.

Current Population Trend: Stable

Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

This species inhabits relatively arid montane slopes and river valleys. Animals are generally associated with rocky outcrops and boulder piles within forest and mountain steppe habitats. The females lay clutches of four or five eggs.

Systems: Terrestrial

Threats

There are no major threats to this species.

Conservation Actions (see Appendix for additional information)

It has been recorded from numerous protected areas. Other than general research, no direct conservation measures are currently needed for this species as a whole.

Credits

Assessor(s): Boris Tuniyev, Natalia Ananjeva, Aram Agasyan, Nikolai Orlov, and Sako Tuniyev

Reviewer(s): Neil Cox and Helen Temple

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External Resources

For [Images and External Links to Additional Information](#), please see the Red List website.

Appendix

Habitats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
1. Forest -> 1.4. Forest - Temperate	-	Marginal	-
0. Root -> 6. Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mountain peaks)	-	Suitable	-

Conservation Actions in Place

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Conservation Actions in Place
In-Place Land/Water Protection and Management
Conservation sites identified: Yes, over entire range

Research Needed

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Research Needed
1. Research -> 1.2. Population size, distribution & trends
1. Research -> 1.3. Life history & ecology

Additional Data Fields

Distribution
Lower elevation limit (m): 1000
Upper elevation limit (m): 2000
Population
Population severely fragmented: No

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